Handout 1: Data extraction form: Oldham et al 2004

Data extracted by:	Date:	Ref ID:

Full paper screen:

Question		If Yes	If No
1	Does the study evaluate views concerning dietary supplements or any of the following agents: vitamins, minerals, calcium, folate, folic acid, selenium, aspirin, NSAIDs?	Continue	Exclude
2	Are the population adults with chronic conditions / taking these agents or dietary supplements long-term, or at risk of a condition potentially requiring the taking of agents long-term?	Continue	Exclude
3	Does the study evaluate individuals' views, i.e. individuals' likes, dislikes, opinions, preferences, attitudes to and experiences of the agents listed? If answer is No to any of these questions, Exclude .	Include	Exclude
	If all answers are Yes, Include		

Study details	Location / country	Colorado, USA	Colorado, USA				
Participants	Population	_	Nine women aged 65+ with type 2 diabetes; 7 lived alone; all had at least 1 comorbid illness in addition to diabetes				
	Age (Mean/Range)	Mean	Not reported	Range	65-88 years		
	Gender	Male (n) = 0	Female (n) = 9	Not specified ((n) = N/A		
	Ethnicity	8 Caucasian, 1 It	8 Caucasian, 1 Italian Hispanic				
Intervention	Details of interventions / agents	duration of 8 ye	Participants had been diagnosed with type 2 diabetes from 1½ years to 18 years, with an average duration of 8 years. Diabetes treatment regimens varied from diet and exercise guidelines provided by a certified diabetes educator (n=1), to oral medication (n=6), to insulin and oral medication (n=2).				

Question

What are the barriers and facilitators reported by individuals concerning the taking of one or more of the dietary supplements or agents of interest (vitamins, minerals, non-steroidal anti-inflammatories, but not herbs) for chemoprevention or for long-term or chronic conditions?

Results		
Themes		Data (must be verbatim quotes or text of authors' statements clearly based on data)
1. Family input into decision-making	✓	Family members influenced supplement use for some participants. Daughters were
2. Media input into decision-making		mentioned as the primary source of supplements: 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and magnesium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and magnesium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and magnesium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and magnesium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and magnesium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and magnesium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and magnesium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, potassium, and they're real good' and 'My daughter sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, and they are the sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, and they are the sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, and they are the sent me a bottle of it's got calcium, and they are the sent me a bottle of it's got calcium.
3. Health professionals input into decision-making		in-law is a very healthy person, very health conscious; she's given me lots of supplements'" p.661
4. An individual's own health		
5. Negatives		

6. Benefits		
7. Other / New theme?		
1. Family input into decision-making		Radio was another way that individuals heard about supplements. One participant who
2. Media input into decision-making	✓	was already taking a number of supplements stated: 'Right now, I hear Paul Harvey advertising one. He claims that people got their sight back, but I've been scared to talk
3. Health professionals input into decision-making		to them [the company]. Occul, ocul, livite, he advertises. Occulivite, I think it is. He's named two people that have gotten their eyesight back and were doing so great. I've
4. An individual's own health		been tempted to call that number.' p.661
5. Negatives		
6. Benefits		
7. Other / New theme?		
1. Family input into decision-making		The news and television were cited as being a source of information for a number of
2. Media input into decision-making	✓	participants. According to one participant, "You hear all about everything [vitamins] now-a-days on it [television]. But I can't take all of them!", p.661
3. Health professionals input into decision-making		
3. Health professionals input into decision-making4. An individual's own health		
4. An individual's own health		
4. An individual's own health 5. Negatives		
4. An individual's own health5. Negatives6. Benefits		Most participants did not discuss supplement use with their physician. However, one participant valued her doctor's input and was comfortable asking questions about

 Media input into decision-making Health professionals input into decision-making An individual's own health Negatives Benefits Other / New theme? 		supplement use. This participant said, "I listen to the news, but I'll tell you what, I listen to my doctor, what he tells me to do, that's what I do. If I see something and I wonder, I'll ask him; he usually says no." p.661-2
1. Family input into decision-making		Another participant commented on the use of herbs: "All those things [herbs] I think are
2. Media input into decision-making		hard to work into where you might get enough to do yourself any good. You get kind of panicky when you have this mess [diabetes]. You hear things and you think now they did
3. Health professionals input into decision-making	✓	tell me one time that you shouldn't take too many herbs?" p.662
4. An individual's own health		
5. Negatives		
6. Benefits		
7. Other / New theme?	✓	
1. Family input into decision-making		General reasons for use [of multivitamins] were for nutritional insurance in light of a
2. Media input into decision-making		reduced appetite. One participant explained her use in the following way: "More than for my diabetes, I take it [a multivitamin] because of my age, and the fact that I can't
3. Health professionals input into decision-making		hold as much [food]. When they say I should have this much carbohydrate and this much
4. An individual's own health		protein and this much fruit and this much vegetables and I eat what I can hold. Then run out of space and can't finish anything or I leave one of those things out entirely.

5. Negatives		feel I need some help." P.662
6. Benefits		
7. Other / New theme?	✓	
1. Family input into decision-making		"A number of participants indicated that they used vitamin C and vitamin E primarily to
2. Media input into decision-making		reduce their risk of heart disease. They just say they're [vitamin C and vitamin E] real good for your health. It's supposed to fight off cancer and heart disease. That's what I
3. Health professionals input into decision-making		heard. Figure it can't hurt." p.662
4. An individual's own health		
5. Negatives		
6. Benefits	✓	
7. Other / New theme?		
1. Family input into decision-making		"Vitamin E is good for the heart and stuff like that. I think at my age a little more vitamin
2. Media input into decision-making		C might do me good and it will help with colds. It's very difficult when I do get sick so I take vitamins [C and E]." p.662
3. Health professionals input into decision-making		
4. An individual's own health		
5. Negatives		
6. Benefits	✓	
7. Other / New theme?		
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	decision-making nals input into decision-making	□ □ ✔	Calcium supplements were also used by many of the participants. Two of the participants explained their reasons for taking calcium supplements as follows: "After my hip replacement, I started taking calcium. My doctor didn't think I was eating enough food [high in calcium]" and "You'd think I had a drugstore I take these for your bones." P.662
4. An individual's of 5. Negatives	wn health		
6. Benefits			
7. Other / New then			
1. Family input into	decision-making		Arthritis was frequently mentioned as a reason for taking supplements. "I take
2. Media input into	decision-making		glucosamine and chondroitin for my arthritis. I started taking it probably 4 or 5 years ago and it was real expensive then, it wasn't massively produced. It was getting too
	nals input into decision-making		expensive and I quit taking it. It was like 2 or 3 weeks later and I could tell the difference. I hurt. I started taking it again and it [arthritis pain] got better. So, I do believe in it.
4. An individual's o	wn health		Luckily, it has gotten cheaper."
5. Negatives			
6. Benefits			
7. Other / New then	me?	✓	
References	Possible new includes:		
	Background papers:		